

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE READERS OF ROLLESTON CHRISTIAN SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Rolleston Christian School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Nicole Dring using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 15, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - o its financial position as at 31 December 2020; and
  - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector -Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 18 May 2021. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

#### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989<sup>1</sup>.

#### Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



 We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

#### Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 1 to 15, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Nicole Dring Deloitte Limited

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Christchurch, New Zealand

## **ROLLESTON CHRISTIAN SCHOOL**

## **Annual Report** For the year ended 31 December 2020

Ministry Number: 710

Principal:

Elizabeth Horn

School Address:

571-575 Springston Rolleston Road, Rolleston

School Postal Address: 571 Springston Rolleston Road, Rolleston

School Phone:

03 5502653

School Email:

office@rcs.school.nz

#### Members of the Board of Trustees

Name		Ceased	Finishes
Paul Saunders Fiona Gurevin	Elected Elected		May-22 May-22
Mark Larson	<b>Appointed</b>	Sep-20	May-22
Brett Erskine Richard Reynolds	Elected Elected		May-22 May-22
Jenny Addison	<b>Appointed</b>		May-22
Michael Smith Lynda Siave	Appointed Elected		May-22 May-22
Liz Horn	Principal ex	Officio	ay LL

#### Accountant / Service Provider:

Geoff Gillam Consultants

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## **Other Information**

Analysis of Variance

# Rolleston Christian School Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2020

The Board of Trustees (the Board) has pleasure in presenting the annual report of Rolleston Christian School incorporating the financial statements and the auditor's report, for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2020 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board Chairperson and the principal.

Full Name of Board Chairperson	Elizabeth Hurn Full Name of Principal
Alle	M seans and England one sureys of the
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
18-5-24	18.5.21
Dato	Date:

## Rolleston Christian School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	1,294,650	988,495	1,013,859
Locally Raised Funds	3	54,673	60,500	62,728
Use of Land and Buildings Integrated Interest Earned		348,000	348,000	348,000
interest carried		682	3,500	3,731
	-	1,698,005	1,400,495	1,428,318
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	22,258	25,500	18,177
Learning Resources	4	1,120,751	879,200	929,054
Administration	5	81,319	79,346	69,554
Finance Costs		656	-	700
Property	6	422,352	411,180	408,839
Depreciation	7	26,863	5,000	25,944
	_	1,674,199	1,400,226	1,452,268
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		23,806	269	(23,950)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	_	23,806	269	(23,950)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



## Rolleston Christian School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2020

eros cano coro deprinción de la coronada del coronada de la coronada de la coronada del coronada de la coronada del coronada de la coronada del coronada de la coronada de la coronada de la coronada del co	Actual <b>2020</b> \$	Budget (Unaudited) <b>2020</b> \$	Actual <b>2019</b> \$
Balance at 1 January	224,896	224,896	208,023
Balance at 1 January	224,030	224,000	200,020
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Owner transactions	23,806	269	(23,950)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	6,586	- 131	40,823
Equity at 31 December	255,288	225,165	224,896
Retained Earnings	255,288	225,165	224,896
Reserves	no la contraction de la contra	manus - elimid	gose pomatki
Equity at 31 December 2020	255,288	225,165	224,896

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



## Rolleston Christian School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2020

		2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				•
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	40,691	47,173	59,938
Accounts Receivable	9	78,197	74,000	55,252
GST Receivable		3,769	4,000	3,179
Inventories		15,446	10,000	15,186
Investments	10	140,000	75,000	70,000
	-	278,103	210,173	203,555
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	12	107,991	94,500	74,498
Revenue Received in Advance	13	1,056	3,000	326
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	15	3,079	2,500	6,131
	-	112,126	100,000	80,955
Working Capital Surplus or (Deficit)		165,977	110,173	122,600
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	107,651	132,742	113,742
	-	107,651	132,742	113,742
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	15,650	14,000	9,000
Finance Lease Liability	15	2,690	3,750	2,446
	_	18,340	17,750	11,446
Net Assets	=	255,288	225,165	224,896
Equity	_	255,288	225,165	224,896

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Rolleston Christian School Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2020

Cash flows from Operating Activities         Actual \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		2020	2020 Budget	2019
Cash flows from Operating Activities   360,975   268,495   278,869   100,600   100,0	representation of the gas and contract and the season and trend from past and the Note that		The second secon	Actual \$
Government Grants	Cash flows from Operating Activities	-	to the range	19 in alene d
Locally Raised Funds		360,975	268,495	278,869
Goods and Services Tax (net)   (590) (821) 768     Payments to Employees   (133,557) (91,098) (172,064)     Payments to Suppliers   (214,626) (228,761) (142,136)     Interest Paid   (656) - (700)     Interest Received   2,371   5,189   3,477     Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties   730   2,674   (3,084)     Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities   67,747   18,562   22,527     Cash flows from Investing Activities   730   2,674   (3,084)     Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)   (16,727) (24,000) (37,486)     Purchase of Investments   (70,000) (5,000)     Proceeds from Sale of Investments   (70,000) (5,000)     Proceeds from Sale of Investments   (86,727) (29,000) (6,671)     Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities   (86,727) (29,000) (6,671)     Cash flows from Financing Activities   (86,727) (29,000) (6,671)     Furniture and Equipment Grant   (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)     Finance Lease Payments   (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)     Net cash from Financing Activities   (19,247) (12,765) (49,908)     Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year   8 59,938 59,938 10,030				
Payments to Employees (133,557) (91,098) (172,064) Payments to Suppliers (214,626) (228,761) (142,136) Interest Paid (666) - (700) Interest Received 2,371 5,189 3,477 Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties 730 2,674 (3,084)  Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities 67,747 18,562 22,527  Cash flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles) (16,727) (24,000) (37,486) Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) (16,727) (24,000) (5,000) - (70,000) (5,000) -				the second secon
Payments to Suppliers (214,626) (228,761) (142,136) (Interest Paid (656) - (700) (Interest Paid (656) - (700) (Interest Received 2,371 5,189 3,477 Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties 730 2,674 (3,084) (3,			(91,098)	(172,064)
Interest Paid   (656)		(214,626)	(228,761)	(142,136)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties 730 2,674 (3,084)  Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities 67,747 18,562 22,527  Cash flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)		(656)	session unian	(700)
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities  Cash flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles) Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) Purchase of Investments (70,000) (5,000) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (70,000) (5,000) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (70,000) (5,000) Proceeds from Sale of Investments  Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities  Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities (267) (2,327) 34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Interest Received	2,371	5,189	3,477
Cash flows from Investing Activities           Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles)	Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties	730	2,674	(3,084)
Proceeds from Sale of PPE (and Intangibles) Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles) Purchase of Investments (70,000) (5,000) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (70,000) (5,000) Proceeds from Sale of Investments (86,727) (29,000) (6,671)  Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities  Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities  Net cash from Financing Activities (267) (2,327) 34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (19,247) (12,765) 49,908	Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities	67,747	18,562	22,527
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)       (16,727)       (24,000)       (37,486)         Purchase of Investments       (70,000)       (5,000)       -         Proceeds from Sale of Investments       -       -       30,815         Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities       (86,727)       (29,000)       (6,671)         Cash flows from Financing Activities       6,586       -       40,823         Furniture and Equipment Grant       (6,853)       (2,327)       (6,771)         Net cash from Financing Activities       (267)       (2,327)       34,052         Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (19,247)       (12,765)       49,908         Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year       8       59,938       59,938       10,030			i asakaran paling.	
Purchase of Investments Proceeds from Sale of Investments  Proceeds from Sale of Investments  Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities  Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments  Net cash from Financing Activities  (6,853)  (2,327)  (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities  (267)  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (19,247)  (12,765)  49,908  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030		result soulfaters	REPER MELLE H	elenderdes sis
Proceeds from Sale of Investments  30,815  Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities  Cash flows from Financing Activities  Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments  Net cash from Financing Activities  (6,853)  (2,327)  (29,000)  (6,671)  Cash flows from Financing Activities  (6,853)  (2,327)  (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities  (267)  (2,327)  34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (19,247)  (12,765)  49,908			1	(37,486)
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities (86,727) (29,000) (6,671)  Cash flows from Financing Activities  Furniture and Equipment Grant 6,586 - 40,823  Finance Lease Payments (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities (267) (2,327) 34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (19,247) (12,765) 49,908  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 59,938 59,938 10,030		(70,000)	(5,000)	THE STREET
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments  Net cash from Financing Activities  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Proceeds from Sale of Investments	enife income and	- structure to be wet	30,815
Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments  Net cash from Financing Activities  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities	(86,727)	(29,000)	(6,671)
Net cash from Financing Activities  (6,853) (2,327) (6,771)  Net cash from Financing Activities  (267) (2,327) 34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (19,247) (12,765) 49,908  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Cash flows from Financing Activities			
Net cash from Financing Activities  (267) (2,327) 34,052  Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (19,247) (12,765) 49,908  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 59,938 59,938 10,030			+263	40,823
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Finance Lease Payments	(6,853)	(2,327)	(6,771)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8 59,938 59,938 10,030	Net cash from Financing Activities	(267)	(2,327)	34,052
The second of th	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(19,247)	(12,765)	49,908
The second of th	And the state of t			and parties
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 8 40,691 47,173 59,938	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 8	59,938	59,938	10,030
8 40,691 47,173 59,938	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	er am ona in	ente y gestidue es	STOPPURE STOPPE
	= issue 8 of an engolizational Periodicina to accomming successive recommendations and the recommendations of the second	40,691	47,173	59,938

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



## **Rolleston Christian School**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2020

## a) Reporting Entity

Rolleston Christian School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training 2020. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

#### b) Basis of Preparation

#### Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

#### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

#### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publically accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### **Presentation Currency**

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

## Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

## Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised.

Cyclical maintenance

Deloitte.

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's long term maintenance plan which is prepared as part of its 10 Year Property Planning process. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its 10 Year Property Plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### c) Revenue Recognition

#### **Government Grants**

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

#### Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Grants for the use of land and buildings are also not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Proprietor. Use of land and building grants are recorded as revenue in the period the school uses the land and buildings.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

#### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. The expense represents 8% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property as advised by the Christian School's Trust. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Proprietor.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.



#### j) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Thus the fair value of the inventory is determined based on the cost at time of purchase. The write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

#### k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Proprietor are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$500 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### **Finance Leases**

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:	Years
Furniture and equipment	10
Information and communication technology	3-5
Plant	10
Leased assets held under a finance lease	3
Library resources	10

### I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets"

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit

#### m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



#### n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, and also annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the school operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, building and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

g) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as 'financial assets measured at amortised cost' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, funds held on behalf of the Ministry of Education, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

s) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

t) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### u Statement of cash flows

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The following terms are used in the statement of cash flows:

Operating activities: the principle revenue producing activities of the School and other activities that are not investing or financing act

Investing activities: the acquisition and disposal of long term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.

Financing activities: the activities that result in changes in the size and composition of the contributed equity and borrowings of the School.



#### 2. Government Grants

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Operational grants	290,742	268,495	220,809
Teachers' salaries grants	944,248	720,000	746,045
Other government grants	59,660	-	47,005
·	1,294,650	988,495	1,013,859

The school is not in the donations scheme for this year.

MOE Grants total includes additional COVID-19 funding totalling \$4,757 for the year ended 31 December 2020.

## 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

			Budget	
Revenue		Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Donations		22,755	25,500	25,074
Activities		15,494	16,000	339
Trading		16,424	19,000	37,315
		 54,673	60,500	62,728

2020

2020

2019

Expenses			
Activities	2,728	-	200
Trading	13,503	15,500	15,788
Fundraising (costs of raising funds)	6,027	10,000	2,189
	22,258	25,500	18,177

Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	32,415	35,000	44,551
·	•		

## 4. Learning Resources

n zouming necessions			2020	2020 Budget	2019
			Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Curricular Employee Benefits - Salaries			90,066	96,700 762,000	43,879 871,713
Staff Development		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,120,751	20,500 879,200	929,054

## 5. Administration

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Audit Fee	4,089	3,900	3,966
Board of Trustees Expenses	3,635	4,500	3,610
Communication	1,882	4,196	2,701
Consumables	7,847	7,800	5,740
Staff Expenses	3,021	3,400	2,003
Other	8,505	7,550	5,311
Employee Benefits - Salaries	52,340	48,000	46,223
	81,319	79,346	69,554

## 6. Property

ewole.	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	4,579	2,100	3,579
Consultancy and Contract Services	31,756	33,080	29,289
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	6,650	5,000	4,500
Grounds	3,719	3,500	3,996
Heat, Light and Water	11,327	11,000	10,589
Repairs and Maintenance	10,257	8,500	8,886
Use of Land and Buildings - Integrated	348,000	348,000	348,000
Employee Benefits - Salaries	6,064	is this think	G radon inte
	422,352	411,180	408,839

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

## 7. Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

4,045 (5,876) 5,324	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Furniture and Equipment	10,973	1,500	8,726
Information and Communication Technology	7,676	1,500	8,998
Plant	1,217	1,000	1,052
Leased Assets	6,676	1,000	6,848
Library Resources	321	toamskip	320
	26,863	5,000	25,944

#### 8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

o. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash on Hand	50	50	50
Bank Current Account	20,516	22,123	19,015
Bank Call Account	20,125	25,000	40,873
Net cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft for Cash Flow Statement	40,691	47,173	59,938

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

## 9. Accounts Receivable

of Accounte Hoodivable			
	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Debtors	8,957	5,000	7,384
Debtor Ministry of Education	-		
Interest Accrued	_	nto the late	1,689
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	69,240	69,000	46,179
	78,197	74,000	55,252
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	8,957	5,000	9,073
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	69,240	69,000	46,179
	78,197	74,000	55,252



## 10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2020	2020 Budget	2019
Current Asset	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Short-term Bank Deposits with Maturities Greater than Three Months and No Greater than One Year	140,000	75,000	70,000

The carrying value of long term deposits longer than 12 months approximates their fair value at 31 December 2020.

## 11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2020	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furniture and Equipment	77,061	-	-	-	(10,973)	66,088
Information and Communication	19,326	15,416	-	0.41	(7,676)	27,066
Plant	6,796	1,311	-	-	(1,217)	6,890
Leased Assets	8,155	4,045	-	-	(6,676)	5,524
Library Resources	2,404	-	-	-	(321)	2,083
Balance at 31 December 2020	113,742	20,772	-		(26,863)	107,651

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$5,524 (2019 \$8,155)

	Cost or	Accumulated	Net Book
	Valuation	Depreciation <sup>t</sup>	Value \$
	Φ	Φ	φ
Furniture and Equipment	113,757	(47,669)	66,088
Information and Communication	66,756	(39,690)	27,066
Plant	12,057	(5,167)	6,890
Leased Assets	15,237	(9,713)	5,524
Library Resources	3,205	(1,122)	2,083
Balance at 31 December 2020	211,012	(103,361)	107,651

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2019	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Furniture and Equipment	57,316	28,471	-	-	(8,726)	77,061
Information and Communication	21,467	6,857	-	-	(8,998)	19,326
Plant	5,691	2,157	-	-	(1,052)	6,796
Leased Assets	12,065	2,938	-	-	(6,848)	8,155
Library Resources	2,724	-			(320)	2,404
Balance at 31 December 2019	99,263	40,423	-		(25,944)	113,742

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$8,155 (2018: \$12,065)

The net carrying value of equipment field under a linance leade to \$6,100 (2010, \$12,0	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation \$	Net Book Value \$
Furniture and Equipment	113,757	(36,696)	77,061
Information and Communication	51,339	(32,013)	19,326
Plant	10,746	(3,950)	6,796
Leased Assets	27,374	(19,219)	8,155
Library Resources	3,205	(801)	2,404
Balance at 31 December 2019	206,421	(92,679)	113,742



## 12. Accounts Payable

- I wy ware			
	2020	2020	2019
	Antoni	Budget	of non-ducy in the
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Operating Creditors	\$	\$	\$
Banking Staffing Overuse	25,932	25,000	26,721
Employee Benefits Payable - Salaries	10,573	-	40.470
Employee Benefits Payable - Salahes  Employee Benefits Payable - Leave Accrual	69,240	69,000	46,179
Employee Benefits Fayable - Leave Accidal	2,246	500	1,598
	107,991	94,500	74,498
Payables for Exchange Transactions	107,991	94,500	74,498
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	eres of the Statem	tentri bebu <del>l</del> ebil	shing the year to
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other		r <del>a</del> Var	Z. Remuesa
	107,991	94,500	74,498
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
13. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2020	2020	2019
	4040	Budget	2010
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held on Behalf of Cluster	1,056	3,000	326
	1,056	3,000	326
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance		ared sent to	forbana sestitus
	2020	2020	2019
	2020	Budget	2013
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	S	S
Provision at the Start of the Year	9,000	9,000	4,500
Increase to the Provision During the Year	6,650	5,000	4,500
Adjustment to the Provision	-	-	-
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	laa <del>t</del> o es
Provision at the End of the Year	15,650	14,000	9,000
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Term	15,650	14,000	9,000
	,	3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	-,

The Board has a cash management plan to ensure that sufficient cash is available to meet all maintenance obligations as they fall due over the next 10 years. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligations at 31 December 2020. Present obligations are identified in the school's current 10-year property plan approved by the Ministry of Education. The provision has not been adjusted for inflation and the time value of money.

15,650

14,000

#### 15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2020 Actual	2020 Budget (Unaudited)	2019 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	3,079	2,500	6,131
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	2,690	3,750	2,446
Later than Five Years		et ion	19. Combrige
	5,769	6,250	8,577

## 16. Related Party Transactions

Page 13

9,000

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School (Christian Schools Trust), is a related party of the Board because the proprietor appoints representatives to the Board, giving the proprietor significant influence over the Board. Any services or contributions between the Board and Proprietor are disclosed appropriately with an indication of the amount where relevant.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during the year is included in the notes od the Statement of Comprehensive Income as "Use of land and buildings".

#### 17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2020 Actual \$	2019 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	3,610 0.17	- 0.24
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	329,644 3	306,794 3
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	333,254 3.17	306,794 3.24

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

#### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2020	2019
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	130-140	120-130
Benefits and Other Emoluments	1-10	1-10
Termination Benefits	_	-

#### Other Employees

No other employee received total remuneration over \$100,000 (2019: nil).

#### 18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2020	2019
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$0	\$0
Number of People	-	-

#### 19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2020 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2019: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of school boards of trustees, through payroll service

provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. The current phase of this review is to design potential solutions for any compliance breaches discovered in the initial phase of the Programme. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2020, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

## 20. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2020, the School has no capital commitments.

(Capital commitments at 31 December 2019: nil)

#### (b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2020, the Board has no operating contracts:

#### 21. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

#### 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

#### Cash and receivables

	2020	2020 Budget	2019
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,691	47,173	59,938
Receivables	78,197	74,000	55,252
Investments - Term Deposits	140,000	75,000	70,000
Total Cash and Receivables	258,888	196,173	185,190
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	107,991	94,500	74,498
Finance Leases	2,690	6,250	2,446
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at	110,681	100,750	76,944

#### 23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

